

Example

$$x[n] = \cos(\omega_0 n) u[n] \quad x(z) = ?$$

$$\cos(\omega_0 n) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{j\omega_0 n} + e^{-j\omega_0 n})$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2} [e^{j\omega_0 n} u[n] + e^{-j\omega_0 n} u[n]]$$

$$\alpha^n u[n] \xleftrightarrow{z} \frac{1}{1 - \alpha z^{-1}} \quad |z| > |\alpha|$$

$$e^{j\omega_0 n} u[n] \xleftrightarrow{z} \frac{1}{1 - e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1}} \quad |z| > \frac{|e^{j\omega_0}|}{1}$$

$$e^{-j\omega_0 n} u[n] \xleftrightarrow{z} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1}} \quad |z| > 1$$

Thus,

$$x(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left[zT \left\{ e^{j\omega_0 n} u[n] \right\} + zT \left\{ e^{-j\omega_0 n} u[n] \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{1 - e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1}} + \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{z} \left[\frac{1 - e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1} + 1 - e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1}}{(1 - e^{j\omega_0} z^{-1})(1 - e^{-j\omega_0} z^{-1})} \right]$$

Example

$$x[n] = \delta[n-m], \quad x(z) = ?$$

$$x(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-m] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} z^{-m} = \boxed{z^{-m}}$$

The Inverse z-Transform

z-transform of $x[n]$

$$x(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] z^{-n} \quad z = re^{j\omega}$$

$$x(z) = \text{FT} \{ x[n] r^{-n} \} \Rightarrow x[n] r^{-n} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x(z) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x(z) (re^{j\omega})^n d\omega$$

$$z = re^{j\omega} \rightarrow dz = jre^{j\omega} d\omega$$

$$d\omega = \frac{1}{j} z^{-1} dz$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x(z) z^{n-1} \frac{1}{j} dz$$

$$= \frac{1}{j2\pi} \oint x(z) z^{n-1} dz$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint x(z) z^{n-1} dz}$$

Since it is not so easy to calculate this integral everytime, generally known z transform pairs are used instead.

Example

$$x(z) = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{16} z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x[n] = ? \quad x(z) = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{16} z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)} = \frac{A}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}\right)} + \frac{B}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)}$$